

DR. PATTON'S CASE.

Rev. F. H. Smith Says His Words
Were Correctly Reported.

ASKED NOT TO PRINT THE ADDRESS.

He is Willing to Swear to the Accuracy
of the Stenographer's Record—
Dr. Patton Expressed the Doctrine
of "Future Probation, Pure and
Simple," Says Mr. Smith, and Was
So Understood at the Time.

New York, Oct. 21.—Since Dr. Briggs' inaugural address there has been nothing in a theological way that has stirred the controversialists as much as the reproduction of Dr. Patton's sanctification views of 1887. By this time 5,200 Presbyterian clergymen have read Dr. Patton's expressions, probably with surprise and some consternation. Very likely what Dr. Patton said is to have as far reaching effects as what Dr. Briggs said.

Judging from the tone of the discussion that has already sprung up if any other Presbyterian had uttered Dr. Patton's reported views he would be in sure danger of investigation. Dr. Patton's orthodoxy is not likely to be officially questioned, but what he said at Princeton in 1887 is to be used by the defence in the Briggs trial, and it will be a formidable weapon. It may acquit him. If it does not it can easily be used to show the majority in an undesirable light—expelling one man and retaining another for holding the same opinions.

This is supposing Dr. Patton to have been correctly reported. He says he was not. The Rev. Mr. McQueen, who was the stenographer, positively attests the correctness of his notes. The Rev. Mr. Frank Hyatt Smith, who took the address in long hand, corroborates Mr. McQueen. Both say they are ready to make oath to their statements.

MR. SMITH RECALLS THE ADDRESS.
Mr. Smith, who is now pastor of a prosperous Congregational church in Cambridge, Mass., came to New York yesterday and gave out the following account of the address and his connection with it:

"The Philadelphia society at Princeton," said Mr. Smith, "published a periodical called the *Philadelphia Magazine*, of which I was the senior editor in 1887. We published, every issue, the address of some professor before the society. After Dr. Patton's remarks Dr. Duffield came to me and said:—

"Those views of Dr. Patton were very broad. You had better not print them without showing him the proofs." "Accordingly, when the report had been written out and set up I took the proofs to Dr. Patton, with a request to be allowed to print the address. He had no reason to be surprised at the request. He knew very well what the custom had been. Nevertheless he exhibited annoyance and excitement and said: 'Oh, no, you mustn't print that. It would injure the church. I was speaking as Dr. Patton and not as a Princeton professor. I can't allow you to print a word of it.'

"I notice that Dr. Patton says in his interview with the *Herold* that he objected to the publication on the ground that the address lacked literary form. He said nothing of that kind in my hearing. The only objections he mentioned to me were the possible injury to the church and the fact that he was about to write an article on the same subject for a New York magazine.

PROMISED NOT TO PRINT IT.

"Of course I promised not to print the address if he wished it suppressed, but without my knowledge one of the other editors of the magazine inserted a paragraph to the effect that Dr. Patton's address had been held over for another issue. Thereupon Dr. Patton called me before him and took me severely to task for the paragraph. 'Now,' he said, 'the public will be expecting the address to be printed and I would not have it printed for any consideration. It would injure the church.'

"I kept my promise. I believe they were the only evidence in existence. I was I who sent them to the *Evangelist*. I had no personal feeling against Dr. Patton, but it seemed to me outrageous that he should be forcing the prosecution of Dr. Briggs for views which he himself had publicly avowed. I thought it was time for the truth to be known.

"As said on Saturday, the first paragraph in the quotation which I gave from the address expresses the doctrine of future probation, pure and simple. I see that Dr. Patton says he was defining the doctrine of purgatory, and not his belief in it. He says that a colon should be inserted before the first sentence in the paragraph. Then it will appear that the paragraph you quote is only an explanation of what has gone before. If Dr. Patton's orthodoxy has got to where it hangs by a colon it must be frail. Examination of the address will show that the foregoing sentence and the first sentence of the quotation cannot well be connected by a colon or anything else.

"There may have been persons in the audience that night who got the impression that Dr. Patton now tries to give, but I never heard of them. The address was freely commented upon among the students. All whom I heard speak of it had exactly the idea that Mr. McQueen and I had—namely, that Dr. Patton had clearly given in his adherence to the doctrine of sanctification after death—the same doctrine for which Dr. Briggs is now being tried.

"There is no doubt that if Dr. Briggs is heretical then Dr. Patton is heretical also on the strength of that first paragraph. That is not all. If I or any other student in Princeton had upon examination professed other views given in that address we would not have been allowed to be graduated. He says: 'I am pretty sure that there is no doctrine that is put in jeopardy by the simple affirmation of this belief in future probation.' That is a direct contradiction of the theology taught at Princeton. At the end of his address he says:

"Those who hear the gospel in this world will not have another chance hereafter; those who do not hear it or have no opportunity here will have some chance in the future."

Our own Confession of Faith, which some think very straitlaced, does hold out that hope, although it does say that the heathen cannot be saved by framing their lives according to the light of nature.

"That is also a square contradiction of the Princetonian system. For either expression any other man would be tried for heresy."

"I understand that the address is to be used as evidence for the defense in the Briggs trial. I am willing to go upon the stand and swear to the absolute correctness of the stenographic report."

Dr. Briggs's friends regard Mr.

Smith's production of the report at this juncture as the most valuable assistance they have yet received.

Dr. Patton was seen at Princeton yesterday, but declined to make any further remarks on the controversy.

Dr. David Swing, of Chicago, whose fifteen years ago was prosecuted by Dr. Patton for saying what Dr. Patton himself said in 1887, commented on the singular situation with some satisfaction yesterday. He had known of the existence of the report since the address was delivered, but at the request of his informant had refrained from saying anything about it.

"Patton will deny the correctness of the report," said Dr. Swing, "or he will write a note—he'll do that anyway—in which he'll say just what he told the student, that he spoke as Patton the man, and not as Patton the Presbyterian. He is a man who doesn't think there is any inconsistency in that. Now, according to this report as printed, Patton, as long ago as three years, hoped that Socrates would be saved. He arraigned me because I got Socrates merely on the border."

EPISCOPAL MISSION COUNCIL.

In Session at Detroit—The Report of the Board of Managers Read.

Detroit, Mich., October 21.—The first session of the Episcopal Missionary Council was opened at Christ church yesterday morning. Right Rev. Dr. Atwell, bishop of West Missouri, preached the sermon. The communion services concluded, Bishop Atwell called the business meeting to order.

The report of the board of managers, read by the general agent, recited the death since the meeting of two ex-officio members of the board.

On February 10, the board was informed that the House of Bishops had changed the limits of the former missionary jurisdiction of Arkansas and Indian Territory by withdrawing the Indian Territory and Oklahoma, which were erected into a separate jurisdiction under Bishop Pierce in temporary charge.

Bishop Hare, of South Dakota, was commissioned by the board of bishops to proceed as its representative to Japan for the purpose of administering the affairs of their jurisdiction for a stated period. In June \$10,000 had been appropriated for the colored work, the money being taken from the general funds. The commission having this work in charge had distributed \$55,950 among seventeen dioceses in the South. Since the last report \$8,728 had been added to the enrollment fund, making the total, with interest, \$139,030.

PHENOMENAL RESULTS

Of the Recent Earthquake in Central and Northern California.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALA., Oct. 21.—The recent earthquake in Central and Northern California occasioned phenomenal results in Sonoma county. On the Pol-pulox ranch of J. E. Peppe, the ground was cracked and seamed in various places. From these narrow openings in the earth large quantities of water of various temperatures have been pushing forth ever since. In some places the water is ice cold, while in others it is warm, reaching a temperature of 100 degrees. The flow of General Vallejo's artesian wells has been increased about 100,000 gallons per 24 hours. On Captain Joy's farm the flow of gas from his natural gas well has been increased to a great extent and a spring that has hitherto been cold has been converted into a basin of hot water.

STEELE CONFIRMS IT.

He Resigned the Governorship of Oklahoma, but not to become Pension Commissioner.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—Governor George W. Steele, of Oklahoma, arrived here this morning and confirmed the report that he had resigned. His resignation was tendered to the President October 3, to take effect on the 15th, but at the urgent request of the secretary of the interior, the governor has consented to remain in office until his successor has been appointed. The governor declared that he had not been tendered the pension commissioner'ship.

"I resigned because I have decided that my interest in the gun works at Marion, Ind., need my attention," said Governor Steele, "and because it was not my intention to settle down as a resident of Oklahoma, believing that the office should be held by a man who does."

Hartford-Haskins.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

URCHESVILLE, OHIO, Oct. 21.—Miss Laura Haskins and Mr. Elmer D. Hartford were married at the residence of the bride's mother this evening, at 8 o'clock. The wedding was one of the nicest that ever took place here. Miss Haskins is a daughter of the late Col. Van Haskins, and the groom is manager of the Royal Brick Works, of this place. The newly married couple left for a short wedding tour.

West Virginia Pensions.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 21.—West Virginia pensions: Original—George W. Ashley, P. R. Compton, James Hughes, William Bogg, Benj. Woosley, Kenons McAdams, John W. Zinn, J. H. Williams. Additional—J. S. Sanders, Joseph H. Citchell, Geo. Metts, Ed. Munson, William R. Booth, Alex. Allen, Parry McNier, James McClashie, W. H. Martin, Thomas Howell, James Whitehair, Robert N. Thompson. Increase—David C. Dannon, Jacob Whitlatch, Thomas N. Swisher. Widows—Theresa Hetty Cites, Martha A. Maynor, Barbara Weichrell, Anna Fitchell.

Postmaster Appointed.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 21.—L. M. Murnson has been appointed postmaster at Great Cacapon, Morgan county, vice A. Spring, deceased.

A Lost Vessel.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—J. W. Doane & Co., importers, to-day received the intelligence from their New York correspondents that the sailing ship *Hecla*, which left Japan September 15, is lost. The vessel was bound for San Francisco and had a cargo of general merchandise, weight 2,800,000 pounds, inclusive of 1,850,000 pounds of tea, which was consigned to American merchants.

Rescued from the Depths of Misery.

The misery endured by unfortunate whose livers are derelict in duty is unspeakable. Sick headaches, nausea, costiveness, dizziness, sourness of the breath, uneasiness beneath the short right ribs and right shoulder blade, sick appetite, are among the hateful indices of biliousness, which, however, speedily vanish when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is employed as a regulator. Most effectually is its work of discipline carried out, as a complete renewal of the digestive, secretory and excretory functions satisfactorily proves. In cases of malarial disease the liver is the principal gland involved, and for malarial of a malarial type Hostetter's Bitters is an absolute specific. As a laxative—painless but effective—it is unrivaled, and it is an admirable preventive of chronic kidney trouble and rheumatism, and a superb general tonic and corrective.

THE GRADY MONUMENT

Unveiled at Atlanta—Governor Hill the Orator of the Day.

ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 21.—The ceremonies incident to the unveiling of the Grady monument attracted an immense crowd of strangers to this city to-day. The city is in holiday attire and business was to a large extent suspended. The weather was clear and cool. One of the principal features of the unveiling ceremonies was the procession which formed on Mitchell and Washington streets and moved to the statue. Shortly after the procession halted the exercises at the statue began. Gov. Chas. S. Northern presided. After the rendition of a selection of music by the band the cord was pulled by Miss Gusie Grady and the veil fell from the statue. The sight of the statue was greeted with manifestations of applause by the assembled multitudes. Hon. Fulton Colville delivered an address in behalf of the Grady monument committee. After more music, Hon. Clark Howell introduced Gov. David B. Hill, of New York, who delivered the oration.

World's Fair Sash Burned.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Oct. 21.—The warehouse of Bardwell, Robinson & Co. was burned to the ground at an early hour this morning. Loss \$100,000; insurance about half. The company recently secured an immense contract for furnishing sash, doors and blinds for the Columbian Exposition in Chicago, and most of this material, which had been finished ready for shipment, was stored on the upper floors of the warehouse and is a total loss.

Sentenced to the Pen.
Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Oct. 21.—Judge Snyder to-day sentenced persons convicted of felony at the present term of the criminal court as follows: Ed Brooks, burglary, five years; George Hickman, robbery, five years; Charles Brown, forgery, three years; Sol Cook, breaking into a freight car, five years; John Smith, breaking into a freight car, three years.

Black Diphtheria Plague.

MARSHALLTOWN, ILL., Oct. 21.—Black diphtheria is spreading at an alarming rate in a Norwegian settlement in Soldiers' valley, Pa. son county, fourteen persons having died of the disease. One family of ten lost six members and but one other is expected to recover. The place has just been quarantined. A terrible state of affairs exists.

RUSSIAN SUPERSTITION.

An Ignorant Mob Thinks the Jews Are the Cause of the Crop Failures.

St. PETERSBURG, Oct. 21.—The czar has given 3,000,000 roubles from his own private purse to the famine fund and has issued an appeal to the members of the nobility and the landed gentry to form another fund for the relief of the famishing people.

It is reported that Jew hanting and anti-Jewish riots have occurred at Tchernigoff, and that matters grew so bad at that place that the troops had to interfere to protect the Jews from the violence of their persecutors. The mob, in its hatred towards these people, were animated by the belief that the Jews had caused the scarcity of grain, which has created so much distress in this country.

Only Oats and Potatoes May be Affected.

St. PETERSBURG, Oct. 21.—The *Douro Gazette*, referring to the prohibition of the exports of cereals, says:

"Although the report as to the prohibition of the export of wheat is unfounded, the prohibition of the export of oats and potatoes may be decreed, but not immediately. The government is reluctant to prohibit the export of grains."

Only an Experiment.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—The committee of the Chamber of Deputies having the matter in charge has agreed to report in favor of suspending the dramatic censorship for three years. This action is in the nature of an experiment.

Lakes Burst Their Banks.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Several lakes near Bangor, Wales, have burst their banks and flooded some neighboring slate quarries. One thousand workmen are idle in consequence.

Bad drainage causes much sickness, and bad blood and improper action of the liver and kidneys is bad drainage to the human system, which Burdock Blood Bitters remedy.

A Druggist Surprised.

J. G. Bone, a druggist at Danmore, Pa., says he has never sold a medicine that gave such universal satisfaction as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and that the large demand for it has been a great surprise to him.

Sunday Excursions.

Commencing Sunday, May 21, and every Sunday thereafter, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Pittsburgh and return at \$1.50 and to Washington and return at \$1, good returning Sunday only.

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Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is

Absolutely Pure

and it is Soluble.

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are used in its preparation. It has

more than three times the strength of

Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot

or Sugar, and is therefore far more

economical, costing less than one cent

a cup. It is delicious, nourishing,

strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED,

and admirably adapted for invalids

as well as for persons in health.

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